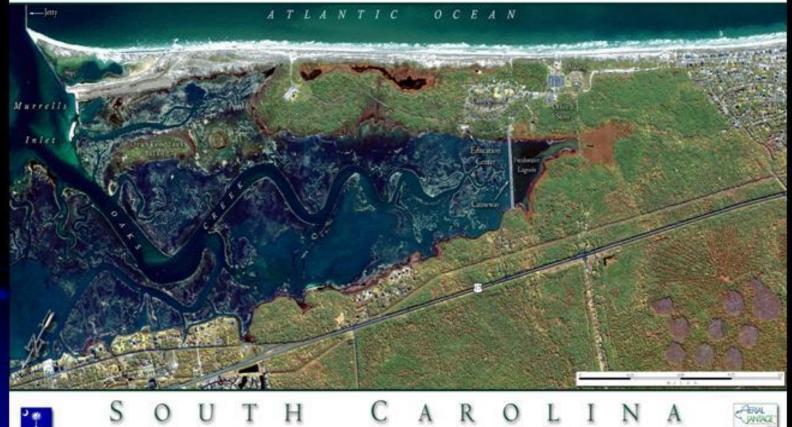
Huntington Beach State Park









Over 330 spp. Of birds have been recorded at the park

Conservation issues affecting beach nesting birds:

- Predators
- Disturbance by dogs
- Disturbance by people
- Loss of nesting habitat



Simpler is better!



Partnering with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers



Maintenance dredging of Murrells Inlet



Building a beach for the birds











Introduced Predators



 Red Fox- first recorded at Huntington Beach State Park after Hurricane Hugo in 1989.

Introduced predators

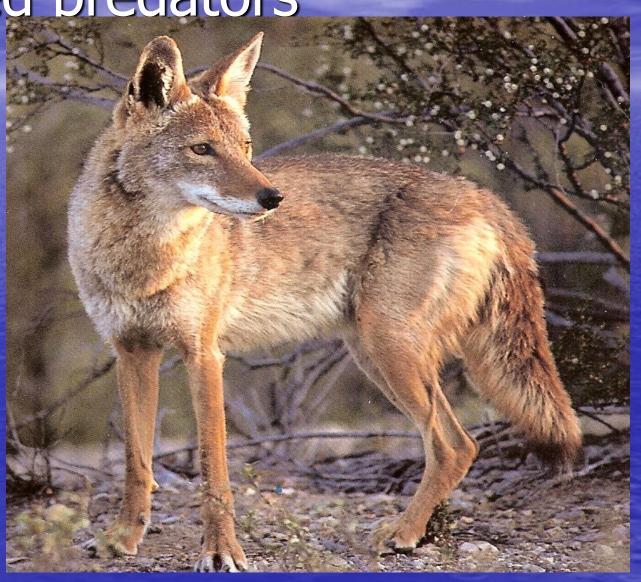
- Mink- re-introduced into Murrells Inlet in 2001.
- Have since settled into the jetty.





Introduced predators

Coyotes have replaced red foxes as potential predators.



Unexpected predators







Coachwhip snakes

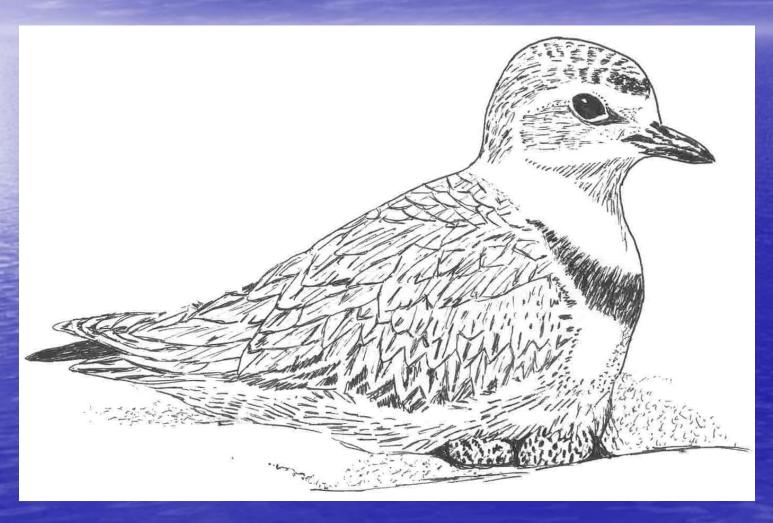


Trying to create a predator-free nesting area....



...but you can't make everybody happy.

Wilson's plover: a threatened species in SC





Removing bottom of fence and installing plover gates

Electric Fence





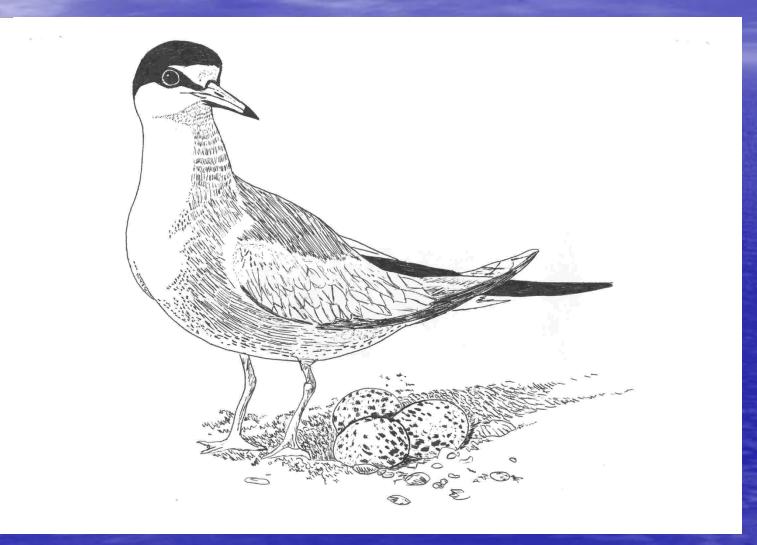
Solar powered

And activated only at night:

- -To conserve batteries,
- -For visitor safety, and to
- -Be active when mammalian predators are.



Least Tern: a threatened species in SC



Murremaid Sound System a solar-powered stereo for the birds



Decoys





Friends of
Huntington Beach
State Park members
hand-carving and
painting least tern
decoys.





Education

- + Volunteer Labor
- = Service Learning





Decoys at Work

Partnering with SCDNR to paint decoys for use on their managed islands.

Photos by Felicia Sanders





Other ideas for Service Learning projects:

- Installing fence
- Roping off and signing overwash areas & other potential nesting sites
- Making "No Dogs/ Shorebirds Nesting" signs
- Seeding potential nesting sites with driftwood for Wilson's plovers
- Constructing chick shelters

Dealing with Disturbance from Dogs





A Beach for the Birds



The area of the park from the North Beach Parking Lot north to the jetty is now being managed as a special Resource Protection Area to protect nesting, roosting, and feeding shorebirds and seabirds. Recent research has shown that dogs, even on leashes, are a very disruptive influence to many bird species, and can reduce the diversity of bird species by 50%. Some of these animals, such as piping plovers, least terns, and Wilson's plovers are threatened with extinction due to loss of habitat and introduced predators. To help ensure the continued survival of these animals, **dogs are now prohibited on the beach from the North Beach Parking Lot north to the jetty.** Pets on leashes are still welcome to enjoy the rest of the beach and park.

Thank you for your help in protecting our threatened wildlife.

